

UGI-SES-CD Score

	0	1	2	3
Size of ulcers	<i>None</i>	<i>Apthous ulcers ($\phi = 0.1-0.5$ cm)</i>	<i>Large ulcers ($\phi = 0.5-2$ cm)</i>	<i>Very large ulcers ($\phi > 2$ cm)</i>
Ulcerated surface	<i>None</i>	<i><10%</i>	<i>10-30%</i>	<i>>30%</i>
Affected surface	<i>Unaffected</i>	<i><50%</i>	<i>50-75%</i>	<i>>75%</i>
Narrowing	<i>None</i>	<i>Single, can be passed</i>	<i>Multiple, can be passed</i>	<i>Cannot be passed</i>

	<i>Esophagus</i>	<i>Gastric body</i>	<i>Gastric antrum</i>	<i>Duodenum</i>	TOTAL
Assessed?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N	
Size of ulcers (0-3)					
Ulcerated surface (0-3)					
Affected surface (0-3)					
Narrowing (0-3)					
				TOTAL =	

UGI-SES-CD Score card

User guide:

Score each variable between 0 and 3, as per the table below, in each segment individually: esophagus, stomach body, stomach antrum, and duodenum. Each region is to be scored in its worst area.

In the event that findings unrelated to Crohn's disease are clearly identified, such as *Helicobacter pylori* gastritis, reflux esophagitis and celiac disease, these findings should not be regarded in the UGI-SES-CD score and should be scored as normal. When the contribution of Crohn's disease to this finding cannot be clearly excluded, the finding should be scored as a real Crohn's disease finding.

Date of upper endoscopy: